September
January

2022-23 Essentials for Teaching: Observation of Practice

Residents and master teachers are to use this rubric to guide conversations and set goals. See directions for best use and an example of how one MT and resident pair completed this form.

Create Equitable Community and Culture in the Classroom and Implement Effective Norms and Routines			
Beginning	Emerging	Competent	Successful
personal experiences Teacher begins to engage students in conversations that demonstrate interest Teacher begins to establish a safe environment while promoting student effort and engagement Teacher implements a learning environment that elicits students taking leadership opportunities to	relationships with students by implementing a few strategies that establish positive relationships and fosters the development of students' learning. Teacher knows students' intellectual andsome personal experiences Norms are established that support discussion and interactions with teacher and students At times, teacher, and students greet one another in a positive and respectful manner Teacher and students occasionally engage in conversations that demonstrate interest in one another Teacher occasionally provides supports so that students can demonstrate interest in one another's ideas Teacher regularly maintains a safe environment while implementing strategies that foster student learning	implementing strategies to establish positive, individual relationships that demonstrate care and interest and inclusivity. The students clearly respect and value one another's ideas, ways of thinking, and different abilities. Teacher understands his/herstudents' socioeconomic, cultural, linguistic, intellectual, and personal experiences and develops relationships with students Norms are established that foster safe and respectful interactions between teacher and students Teacher and students regularly greet one another in a positive and respectful manner Teacher and students regularly have conversations that demonstrate interest in one another Teacher regularly provides prompts and sentence frames to support students as they demonstrate interest in one another's ideas Teacher and students exhibit evidence of positive individual relationships A culture of respect and safety is fostered while strategies are utilized that enable students to learn from one another as well as the	The teacher builds a community and culture of trusting relationships with and among all students by routinely implementing strategies to establish positive, individual relationships that demonstrate care and interest and inclusivity. The students clearly respect and value others' ideas, ways of thinking and exhibit positive dispositions to learning from one another. Teacher understands and values students' socioeconomic, cultural, linguistic intellectual, and personal experiences and develops a relationship based on respect and trust with students Students take leadership opportunities to support one another and resolve conflicts Norms are established and teacher and students hold one another accountable to them. Norms foster safe and respectful interactions between the teacher and students Teacher and students greet one another in a positive and respectful manner throughout the day Teacher and students engage in conversations that demonstrate care, respect, and interest in one another as part of the daily routine Teacher consistently models and supports language/ behavior that demonstrates care and interest in students and colleagues Teacher exhibits evidence of positive individual relationships throughout the classroom community Teacher and students consistently demonstrate mutual respect and engage in collaborative learning and positive interactions Teacher promotes an age-appropriate culture of inquiry and sharing of diverse perspectives to address issues related to race, ethnicity, culture, language, religion, sex, gender, or ability. Teacher consistently follows-up with students who are having difficulty in class or in personal situations

Universal TPEs: 1.1, 2.2, 2.3; Extensive Support: 2.3, 2.11, 2.13

September Comments and Goals:	
January Comments and Goals:	

☐ September ☐January				
Create Equitable Community and Culture in the Classroom and Implement Effective Norms and Routines				
Beginning	Emergin	Competent	Successful	
Theteacherbeginstospecifyand reinforce student behavior by beginning to establish expectations and rules and/or norms. The teacher begins to implement organizational routines for classroom tasks. Classroom rules/norms are developed, and students adhere to them inconsistently Teacher inconsistently follows or enforcesthe rules/norms Teacher spends a substantial amount of time trying to manage off-task behaviors of the class Procedures and routines are explained and reinforced inconsistently, resulting in loss of instruction Physical environment is cluttered Student movement is impeded Materials are unorganized and difficult to access	The teacher is usually able to specify and reinforce productive student behavior by implementing, adjusting, and reestablishing effective norms and organizational routines to support equitable participation. Rules and/or norms are established, and students usually adhere to them Teacher consistently follows set rules/norms and usually enforces rules/norms equitably Teacher sometimes adjusts norms orrules based on student input/feedback Class/school-wide expectations are taught but inconsistently referred to and enforced Physical environment is mostly free of clutter and somewhat organized: floor, walls, desks, tables, counters, chairs Most work areas are accessible Most materials are organized	The teacher can specify and reinforce productive student behavior and equitable participation by emphasizing established culturally responsive norms, routines, and expectations. The teacher's organizational routines for classroom tasks maximizes instructional minutes. Students follow established class expectations, rules, and norms with minimal prompting Teacher consistently follows and enforces rules/norms equitably Teacher recognizes behaviors that may be a result of communicative limitations and/or disabilities and implements positive behavior supports Teacher discusses and reinforces productive behaviors by reiterating rules/norms Class/school-wide expectations are consistently taught and practiced Class routines are established using procedures Physical environment is free of clutter and organized: floor, walls, desks, tables, counters, chairs All work areas areaccessible Materials are organized and accessible to all students, including students with mobility challenges.	The teacher specifies and reinforces productive student behavior by revisiting and reinforcing allayresporsive norms to support equitable and inclusive participation and clear expectations. The teacher teaches and positively and strategically reinforces productive behavior while redirecting off-task behavior. The teacher implements organizational routines to maximize instructional minutes and regularly communicates with families. Norms to support equitable participation are established and students and teacher routinely adhere to them Most students are aware of and self-monitor their adherence to expectations for behavior Teacher consistently recognizes behaviors that may be a result of communicative limitations and/or disabilities and implements positive behavior supports Teacher consistently recognizes and reinforces productive behavior Teacher quickly and effectively redirects students' off-task behavior Class/school-wide expectations are embedded into the class culture and behavior Procedures are embedded into the class culture Students can demonstrate clear understanding of routines in the absence of the teacher Physical environment is clean and orderly Arrangement supports flexible movement and a variety of activities/contexts	

Universal TPEs: 2.1, 2.6 Mild/Mod: 2.2, 2.3. Ext. Support: 2.1, 2.6, 2.8, 2.9, 2.13,

☐Materials/technology/resources are proactively

managed by **all** students and teacher

September Comments and Goals:	
January Comments and Goals:	

☐October ☐ February

Develop and Deliver Integrated Lessons and Units that Elicit and Assess All Students' Understanding **Beginning** Successful **Emerging** Competent The teacher develops single lessons The teacher The teacher develops single lessons and sequences of lessons The teacher develops single lessons and sequences of lessons develops single and sequences of lessons that built upon students' assets that include differentiation built upon students' assets that include differentiation lessons that begin to include strategies and technologies strategies and technologies that support the learning needs strategies and technologies that consider the learning needs of include strategies that support varied learning needs of of all students and help them develop understanding of all students and will help them develop deep understanding of students. content, sophisticated skills, and critical thinking. and technology that content. consider the Teacher plans a series of lessons that are focused on a large standards and Teacher plans single lessons concept and incorporate multiple ways to demonstrate Teacher plans a series of coherent lessons that incorporate that are part of an overall plan for components of multiple ways to demonstrate learning. These lessons are part of learning a sequence of lessons effective lesson an overall plan such as a Project Based Learning unit Teacher consistently plans & implements instruction to meet The lesson plans begin to design. Teacher plans flexible lessons that include provisions for the varied needs of students account for learner variability predicted students' questions and responses. ☐ Teacherplansincorporatesome Plans Teachers knows students' assets and funds of Teacher knows students' assets and funds of small group instruction to address knowledge and uses them to engage students in include knowledge and consistently uses them to engage components of specificneeds meaningful and relevant lessons. students in meaningful and relevant lessons. effective lesson The plans include some pre-☐ The plans include pre-planned questions and predicted ☐ Teacher plans & implements instruction that design responses to assess students' understanding and to planned questions to assess consistently advances the learning of all students, Lesson plans are develop their critical thinking students' understanding despite their varied needs. designed to meet the Teacher often designs & delivers lessons that scaffold and Teacher designs & delivers ☐ The plans include strategically pre-planned questions and needs of the majority occasional lessons that support support language acquisition, use and development while activities to assess students' understanding and to Technology is simultaneously building content knowledge language acquisition, use and develop their creativity and critical thinking. used as a development Lessons are frequently developed to highlight the Teacher consistently designs & delivers lessons substitute for lowinterconnectedness of content (within the lesson or lesson to ☐ Teacher plans and implements that strategically support language acquisition, use and tech options lesson) instructional scaffolds and development while simultaneously building content without any supports within daily lessons to Teacher plans and implements a cohesive series of knowledge. functional meet the needs of at least one lessons based on the concepts of Universal Design for Lessons *and* units are developed to highlight improvements group of identified students Learning (UDL) and Multi-Tiered Systems of Support the interconnectedness of content Teacher plans for students to (MTSS) to bring students toward mastery of content Teacher plans and implements cohesive units of study that utilize technology as an concepts and skills include concepts of UDL and MTSS to maximize learning. effective tool to perform Teacher considers students' culture when designing eliminate barriers, and provide comprehensive support for all common tasks, while building and implementing lessons students leading to mastery of content, concepts, and skills. digital literacy Teacher considers students' language and learning Teacher identifies areas in their long-and short-term Technology is used as a challenges when designing and implementing instructional goals to incorporate and celebrate the substitute for a low-tech option but lessons students' cultural and family values. provides functional improvements Technology is used to advance student learning. Teacher incorporates technology into lessons to allow and/or serves to engage learners Teacher models digital literacy and promotes digital for new tasks that were previously inconceivable. The citizenship. technology supports student-centered learning. Technology is used to significantly redesign low-tech Students identify, use, and/or adapt their use of technology to tasks. meet their identified learning goals while demonstrating digital literacy and citizenship.

Universal TPEs: 1.3, 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, 3.7, 3.8, 4.3, 4.4, 4.8 Mild/Mod: 2.1 Ext. Support: 2.5, 2.11, 4.4, 5.6

October Comments and Goals:	
February Comments and Goals:	

October
February

Develop and <u>Deliver Integrated Lessons</u> and Units that <u>Elicit and Assess</u> All Students' Understanding Successful **Beginning Emerging** Competent The teacher delivers lessons The teacher delivers lessons by explaining and The teacher delivers lessons by explaining and The teacher **delivers** lessons by explaining and modeling by explaining and modeling modeling content to elicit and assess understanding modeling content, practices, and strategies to content, practices, and strategies to elicit and assess of all students. elicit and assess understanding of all understanding of all students. The teacher incorporates and content. models metacognitive awareness and skills. students. ☐ Instructional strategies Instruction is aligned to externally provided utilized do not veer from directions (the textbook), but teacher begins to ☐ Teacher selects and utilizes Teacher strategically identifies and uses instructional the scripted curriculum integrate varied strategies to explain content and strategies that explicitly support the concepts or various teaching and learning model strategies and skills tasks being taught and considers the needs of his/her Instruction isteacher strategies and incorporates them into centered the lesson planning students Instruction includes some student-student ☐ Instruction is paced Instruction is student centered, providing a balance interaction, but is typically focused on direct Instruction is often student centered and without regard for of direct instruction, meaningful collaboration, and instruction provides a balance of direct instruction with studentneeds meaningful collaboration and inquiry ☐Teacher occasionally uses some formative inquiry ☐ Teacherallows time assessments to informfuture planning Teacher consistently uses formative Teacher consistently uses formative assessments to for students to practice ☐ Teacher may use guided instruction for assessment to inform future planning and quide instructional pacing, adjust strategies and inform without guidance or future planning students to practice what they are learning instructional changes monitorina Teacher engages students in discussion with pre-Teacher guides students through Teacher models the instructional strategy and then Teacher poses questions planned prompts to elicit ideas and gradually releases responsibility to the students while collaborative practice and application of to the students understanding teacher consistently monitors and gives feedback what they have learned ☐ Teacher regularly assigns ☐ Teacher utilizes strategies to help students Assignments and tasks are clearly Teacher supports students as they practice and apply develop and practice questioning skills tasks or assignments aligned to learning goals but not what they have learned independently without connection to the Teacher occasionally models an inquiry consistently connected to the real-world Teacher monitors conversations and work to real- world and/or the approach to solving problems inform plans and next steps Teacher regularly helps students ☐ Teacher occasionally provides real-life established learning goals understand the relevance of Teacher makes on the spot instructional changes based Teaching strategies are examples to make content relevant on student misunderstandings content Assignments and tasks are usually aligned to implemented without Teacher guides students in monitoring their Teacher elicits student thinking learning goals but are not connected to the regard for the varied progress toward instructional goals to promote deeper or extended real-world learning needs of ☐ Instruction, assignments, and tasks are relevant to the thinking by classmates Teacher occasionally promotes equitable students real-world and clearly aligned to learning goals access to lesson delivery by applying ☐ Teacher uses a variety of less on Teacher engages students in making strong connections ☐ Teacherrarely checks styles and task structures that strategies for diverse learning needs to relevant and meaningful real-life contexts for understanding or Teacher begins to use informal assessments provide opportunity for student Teacher utilizes, analyzes, and demonstrates multiple adjusts lesson delivery and modify instruction based on students' inquiry and discovery instructional strategies and lesson structures that based on those checks responses ☐ Teacher regularly integrates elicit student inquiry and discovery learning activities that promote Teacher consistently promotes equitable access to an inquiry-based approach to lesson delivery by applying strategies for diverse solving complex problems learning needs

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Universal TPEs: 1.3, 1.8, 5.1, 5.3 Ext. Support: 3.2, 3.3, 4.4, 4.5, 5.2

October Comments and Goals:		
February Comments and Goals:		
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November
March

Develop and Deliver Integrated Lessons and Units that Elicit and Assess All Students Understanding Discussions and Collaborative Work

Beginning	Emerging	Competent	Successful
The teacher leads group discussions and begins to set up small group work. Teacher is the only questioner. Short frequent questions function to keep students listening and paying attention to the teacher. Teacher verifies correct answers Teacherisphysically at the board, telling and showing students how to do work Discussion prompts and/or questions require minimal student thought/discussion. The depth of knowledge required to participate is low Students are passive listeners, they attempt to imitate the teacher Students give short answers and respond to the teacher only. No Student-to student talk Students are seated in a small group without a strategic plan for working together	The teacher leads group discussions that allow and encourage all students to contribute and is beginning to have success managing collaborative group work. Teacher questions begin to focus on student thinking and focus less on answers. Teacher begins to ask follow-up questions about student methods and answers Teacher is main source of ideas, although some student ideas are elicited Teacher leads group discussions and elicits contributions so that students to listen to each other Teacher is only questioner Group discussions are initiated by teacher prompts that are relevant and invite participation Participation is limited and is dominated by student-to-teacher interaction and listening Discourse patterns may not reflect academic context Discussion norms are not explicitly taught As a student answers a question, other students listen passively or waits for their turn. They may repeat what other students say Student ideas are raised in discussions, but are not explored Teacher utilizes a strategic method for grouping students	The teacher leads group discussions that allow and encourage all students to contribute orally, listen actively, and respond to others' contributions. The teacher sets up and manages collaborative group work. Teacher continues to ask probing questions and asks more open questions to learn about students' thinking Teacher follows up on explanations and builds on them by asking students to compare them. Teacher is comfortable using student errors as opportunities for learning. Group discussions are a regular part of class and all students are encouraged to participate. At times, student ideas guide the discussion and/or direction of the lesson Discussion prompts are relevant and interesting to students and facilitates student-to-student talk. Teacher asks students to be prepared to ask questions about other students' work Structures are in place to support the use of academic discourse by all students Discussion promotes the development of critical thinking in all students Students regularly respond/engage with one another (also engaged with teacher) Participation is balanced and most of the students are actively engaged All students have the opportunity to participate/ respond Discussion norms are established and referenced	The teacher facilitates group discussions that allow and encourage all students to contribute orally, listen actively, and respond to and learn from others' contributions. The teacher sets up and manages collaborative group work for a variety of learning purposes and gathers evidence that the group effort promotes students' learning. Teacher expects students to ask one another questions about their work. Teacher's questions still may guide the discourse Teacher follows along closely to students 'descriptions of their thinking, encouraging students to make their explanations more complete Teacher allows for interruptions from students during explanations; teacher lets students explain and "own" new strategies. (Teacher is still engaged and deciding what is important to continue exploring) Group discussions are consistently facilitated to ensure equitable access and participation. Student ideas form part of the content of many discussions and lessons Prompts are relevant to students' lives and challenge critical thinking Full classengaged Prompts and structures encourage students to engage with one another while using academic discourse Students respect others 'opinions Students listen actively to frame responses/questions All students are clearly functioning within class norms for discussions Students are using content specific academic vocabulary and language during their academic discussions Students describe more complete strategies; they defend and justify their answers with little prompting from the teacher

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☐ Most tasks are not 'group-worthy'; do not allow/foster collaboration ☐ Students are individually assessed for their final <i>group</i> product	☐ Teacher monitors the progress of groups and attempts to make some adjustments to the instruction ☐ All students in the group are engaged in the assignment but do not share (equally) in the final product ☐ The task is 'group-worthy'; but the instructions do not allow/foster collaboration ☐ Students are assessed on their final group product and behavior during enactment of task	Students ask questions of one another's work on the board, usually at the prompting of the teacher. Students listen to one another, so they do not repeat questions to understand one another Students exhibit confidence about their ideas and share their own thinking and strategies evenifthey are different from others Teacher uses a variety of strategies to group students (random, pre-planned, colors, numbers, etc.) Teacher regularly monitors group progress during the task enactment and adjusts the instruction Teacher chooses tasks that require collaborative work Students know how to work collaboratively and complete the task Students have distinct responsibilities and roles Students are held accountable for only individual or collective learning.	Student-to-student talk is student-initiated, not dependent on the teacher. Students realize that they will be asked questionsfrom otherstudentswhentheyfinish, so they are motivated and careful to be thorough Students interject their ideas, confident that their ideas are valued. Students spontaneously compare and build on ideas and clarify other students' work and ideas Students assisteach other in understanding and correcting errors Teacher uses a variety of strategies to group students that allow students' expertise to complement the group work (content knowledge, creativity, presentation skills, etc.) Teacher consistently monitors group progress and is prepared to adjust the instruction and differentiate the task to keep all students engaged Teacher chooses tasks that require and foster student-directed collaborative work The instructions are clear and encourage/enable students to work collaboratively Students have distinct responsibilities and roles, which are distributed equitably Students are held accountable for individual and collectivelearning
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Universal TPEs: 1.5, 1.8, 2.5, 4.7 Ext. Support: 2.3, 4.8

November Comments and Goals: March Comments and Goals:

November
March

Develop and Deliver Integrated Lessons and Units that Elicit and Assess *All* Students Understanding <u>Provide Meaningful Feedback</u>

Beginning	Emerging	Competent	Successful
The teacher begins to provide oral and written feedback to students. Teacher mostly offers general oral feedbackto theclass as a whole, rather than individual students Teacherofferslittle or no written feedback beforethe students' final submission of the assignment The feedback tends to be general and not specificenough to be helpful for students to understand how to specifically improve their work	The teacher provides oral and written feedback to students that require the teacher to make choices about the content of feedback. Teacher offers oral feedback to the class, using some student work samples as an example Teacher offers some written feedback before the students' final submission of the assignment The feedback is somewhat helpful for students to understand how to improve Teacher shares assessment results and directions on how to correct errors and/or misconceptions	Theteacherprovides oral and written feedback to students that require the teacher to make strategic choices about the frequency, method, and content of feedback. The feedback begins to help students focus on improving specific qualities of theirwork. Teacher offers specific feedback that is mostly focused on the academictask Teacher makes purposeful choices about how and howoften to help students focus on specific qualities of theirwork The feedback is communicated in ways that are understandable by students The feedback focuses on progress toward the learning goal and not the grade Teacher shares assessment results and develops a plan for students to achieve mastery of content and/or skills	The teacher provides strategic oral and written feedback tostudents that require the teacher to make strategic choices about the frequency, method, and content offeedback and to communicate in ways that helps focus students' attention on specific qualities of their work. The feedback supports students' perception of their capability and enables them to improve. Teacher offers specific feedback that is focused on the academic task but is not overwhelming in scope The feedback supports and promotes the development of students' progress toward the goal and enables them to successfully revise and improve Teacher makes strategic and purposeful choices about the frequency, method, and content of feedback The feedback is communicated in ways that are understandable by students Teacher effectively and frequently communicates assessment results in a way that will lead students to achieve mastery of identified content concepts and skills Teacher elicits student reflection in the feedback process

Universal TPEs: 5.3, 5.5 Ext. Support: 1.9, 1.11

November Comments and Goals:	
March Comments and Goals:	

3: Plan Informative Assessments and Analyze Student Work to Meet Learning Goals

Beginning	Emerging	Competent	Successful
The teacher begins to set learning goals referenced to external standards. The teacher begins to use students' work to assess whether they were able to progress towards the goals.	The teacher usually sets clear <i>learning goals</i> referenced to external standards. The teacher uses <i>students' work</i> to <i>assess</i> whether they were able to progress towards the goals and inform their planning.	The teacher sets clear <i>learning goals</i> referenced to external standards to ensure that students learn expected content. The teacher sets effective goals that involve analysis of <i>students' knowledge and skills</i> in relation to established standards to ensure steady progress toward larger goals.	The teacher sets clear <i>learning goals</i> referenced to external standards to ensure that <i>all</i> students learn expected content. The teacher sets effective goals that involve analysis of <i>students' knowledge and skills</i> in relation to established standards and careful efforts to establish and sequence <i>formative and summative assessments</i> that will help ensure steady progress toward larger goals.
☐Instructional plans are inconsistently aligned with the most current state standards ☐Teacher uses explicit goals to guide planning for alesson ☐Student products/tasks align with the learning goals (occasionally) ☐Occasionally, some student work is considered when planning lessons for the next day ☐Teacher uses curriculum or district-provided assessments exclusively ☐Teacher provides students with results of assessments	☐Instructional plans are mostly in alignment with the most current state standards ☐Teacher uses explicitgoals to guide planning for a sequence oflessons ☐Plans are designed and implemented in amanner consistent with current subject- specific pedagogy ☐Student products/tasks align with the learning goals frequently ☐Typically, student work is referenced to inform and adjust the teacher's plans ☐Teacher aligns assessments to lesson objectives and standards ☐The teacher uses assessment data to inform grades ☐Assessment data is used to inform parents about their student's achievement	□ Instructional plans are consistently in alignment with the most current state standards and frameworks □ Teacher sets explicit goals to guide planning and help maintain coherent instruction over time □ Plans occasionally include crossdisciplinary lessons □ Student products/tasks are consistently aligned to learning goals □ Analysis of student work drives □ consideration in planning lessons □ Teacher utilizes aligned formative and summative assessments to make informed decisions about pacing □ Teacher begins to use assessment data to inform lesson design and plan for some learner variability □ Teacher effectively and frequently communicates individual assessment results, so students are aware of their achievement results and plans for growth are made. Plans are shared with parents	□Long and short-term instructional plans are aligned with the most current state standards and frameworks □Long and short-term instructional plans are coherent, and link to major topics within and across grade levels and disciplines □Teacher's goals are clearly focused on content concepts and skills that include a student product that will demonstrate mastery of the identified concepts or skills □Teacher analyzes all forms of student' work to identify mastery and gaps in student learning. As a result, future instruction is planned to deepen and extend the learning for all students □Teacher utilizes aligned formative and summative assessments to make informed decisions about pacing to effectively teach all concepts and skills within the school year □Teacher analyzes assessments and plans differentiated instruction with the students' diverse needs and goals in mind □Teacher effectively and frequently communicates individual assessment results, so students and parents are aware of the results and can collaboratively plan a path toward mastery □Teacher and students collaborate to develop individual learning goals and students revisit these goals throughout the lesson to assess their own level of mastery of content concepts and skills □Students are using assessment results and teacher feedback to plan an individual path toward mastery

Universal TPEs: 1.2, 2.6, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 4.3, 4.5, 5.2, 5.3, 5.5, 5.8 Mild/Mod: 1.4, 1.6. Ext. Support: 5.1, 5.2, 5.3

December Comments and Goals: April Comments and Goals:



	4: Engage the Commu	unity to Advocate for and Meet the Need	ls of <i>ALL</i> Students
Beginning	Emerging	Competent	Successful
The teacher begins to engage parents and other caregivers in conversation related to student achievement, behavior, and wellbeing at school. Teacher begins to engage with parents and other caregivers through established school events, systems, and activities Teacher inconsistently informs parents/caregivers of studentachievement Teacher inconsistently informs parents/caregivers of students' behavior and well-being Teacher begins to develop an awareness of how he can work with others to support his students	The teacher engages parents and other caregivers in conversations and activities related to their students' achievement, behavior, and wellbeing at school. Occasionally, teacherseeks opportunities to engage with parents and other caregivers to establish relationships of trust Teacher informs parents/caregivers of students' achievement and begins to engage them in support strategies Teacher informs parents/caregivers of students' behavior and wellbeing and begins to engage them in support strategies Teacher begins to collaborate with colleagues and specialists to provide support for students	The teacher engages parents and other caregivers in conversations and activities related to their students' achievement, behavior, and wellbeing at school. He/she assists parents in communicating with the school. Teacher often uses technology to engage parents and other caregivers in their child's learning Teacher designs lessons that allow students to celebrate and share their cultural and family norms Teacher informs parents/caregivers of goals for students' achievement Teacher shares educational resources with parents/caregivers to support students' achievement Teacher engages parents/caregivers in plans for students' behavior and wellbeing Teacher shares school events with parents/caregivers Teacher maintains open communication with parents/caregivers The teacher keeps track of what is happening in students' personal lives to be able to respond appropriately Teacher regularly collaborates with colleagues and specialists to provide comprehensive support for students and families	The teacher engages parents and other caregivers in conversations and activities related to their students' achievement, behavior, and wellbeing at school. He/sheassistsparents incommunicating with the school and understanding how to help motivate, engage, and accelerate their students' achievement. Teacher uses technology to consistently engage parents and other caregivers in their child's learning Teacher-parentengagement is not constrained by school hours and on-site locations Teacher integrates structures in the classroom that students and families can utilize as they assess their own social- emotional well-being and communicate their need of assistance Teacher engages parents and other caregivers in the design of short & long-term goals for students' achievement Teacher provides educational resources/strategies with parents/caregivers to support students' achievement Teacher regularly informs parents/caregivers of students' behavior and well-being Teacher maintains an "open door" policy and actively invites parent/caregiver communication and participation in class/school events/opportunities to support students Teacher actively builds partnerships with district personnel and other agencies to provide support services for students and families

Universal TPEs: 1.2, 2.4, 2.6, 4.6, 5.4, 6.4 Mild/Mod: 2.4, 2.7, 4.6, 6.1. Ext. Support: 2.4, 2.11, 4.7, 6.1, 6.2

December Comments and Goals: April Comments and Goals:

5: Evaluate and Reflect on Your Own Practice

Reginning	Emoraina	Competent	Successful
Beginning The teacher recognizes that learning to teach is an ongoing process. The teacher studies and reflects upon his/her own teaching and that of his/her colleaguestoimprove his/her understanding of the complexity of instruction. With prompting, teacher	Emerging The teacher recognizes that learning to teach is an ongoing process and begins to understand the value of reflection on his/her practice. The teacher studies and reflects upon his own teaching and that of his colleagues to improve his understanding of the complexity of the interactions between the teacher and students.	Competent The teacher recognizes that learning to teach is an ongoing process that requires regular analysis and reflection of instruction and its effectiveness. The teacherstudies and reflects upon his own teaching and that of his colleagues to improve his understanding of the complex interactions between teachers, students,	Successful The teacher demonstrates a commitment to the continuous improvement model by consistently studying and reflecting upon his own teaching and that of colleagues. He/she recognizes and understands the impact of the complex interactions between teachers, students, content, and instructional approaches. Teacherrecognizes his strengths and
reflects upon the attributes of their colleagues' and/or other models of uccessful lessons With prompting, teacher reflects on the timing and completion of his/her lesson With prompting, teacher rerbalizes reasons and the need for consistent enforcement of realistic relatives and reflecting upon his/her implicit and explicit biases and classroom evidence to improve the educational environment for students.	and the content. Teacher discusses and reflects upon the complex interplay between the teacher, curriculum, and students and identifies areas for growthin his/her professional practice Teacher studies and reflects upon the driving forces of student behavior. Based upon the reflection, the teacher plans and follows through with actions to increase desired behaviors	potential for growth related to teaching practices, personal values, and biases. As a result, the teacher seeks support for growth from a variety of sources and personnel Teacher regularly reflects upon and shares professional learning with colleagues/supervisor Teacher collects and reflects upon evidence that demonstrates the connection between increased student achievement and implemented changes in	
Teacher recognizes when students did not engage in a lesson		Teacher reflects upon needed changes to the classroom environment and designs a plan to improve Teacher seeks reflective feedback from students, colleagues, community & families to identify areas for growth	instructional practice In collaboration with colleagues, teacher analyzesstudentworktoreflectonthe quality of the assignment and/or the instruction Teacherdesignsactionresearchto improve instruction and students' educational experiences Teacher regularly seeks collaboration with peers, colleagues, families, and community members to supporthis/her own
			growthandthatofhisstudents

Universal TPEs: 6.1, 6.2, 6.3, 6.4 Ext. Support: 2.4, 2.10, 4.7, 6.1

September Comments and Goals:
October Comments and Goals:
November Comments and Goals:
December Comments and Goals:
January Comments and Goals:
February Comments and Goals:
March Comments and Goals:
April Comments and Goals:

Adapted from:

- •Observations using "Math Talk Learning Community Rubric" Source: Journal for Research in Mathematics Education, 2004
- Teacher self-reports using "The Mathematics Teaching Rubric" by Silicon Valley Mathematics Initiative.
- ■21st Century Knowledge and Skills in Educator Preparation, by AACTE
- •Classroom Engagement Rubric by Gallagher & Gallagher
- •Elements of Effective Teaching, by the California International Studies Project
- •Teaching Works, "High Leverage Practices", University of Michigan.
- •What Core Skills Do Teachers Need to be Effective? by Hanford, KQED.
- •Core Practices and Pedagogies of Teacher Education: A Call for a Common Language and Collective Activity, by McDonald, Kazemi, & Schneider-Kavanagh
- •Preparing Teachers For Deeper Learning: Competency-Based Teacher Preparation and Development, by Cator, Schneider, & Vander Ark.
- •Fast Start: Training Better Teachers Faster, with Focus, Practice and Feedback, by TNTP

Recommended Directions:

- 1. Schedule an uninterrupted time each month where the MT and resident discuss the assigned pages for the month.
- 2. When completing the form in September-December, start in the "Emerging" column and discuss evidence for items in that column.
- 3. See example of how one MT and resident pair completed this form.
- 4. Look at "Competent" and "Successful" columns for goal setting purposes.
- 5. Set goals.
- 6. When completing the form in January-April, review previous goals.
- 7. Start in the "Competent" column and discuss evidence for items in that column.
- 8. Use the "Successful" column for goal setting purposes.
- Set goals.
- 10. Ultimately, this rubric can be used to set goals for residents' Individual Development Plan which will be used in their induction program.